

PERSPECTIVES

Midyear Review: Stocks' Climb Is Challenged During Volatile First Half

Jun 26, 2025

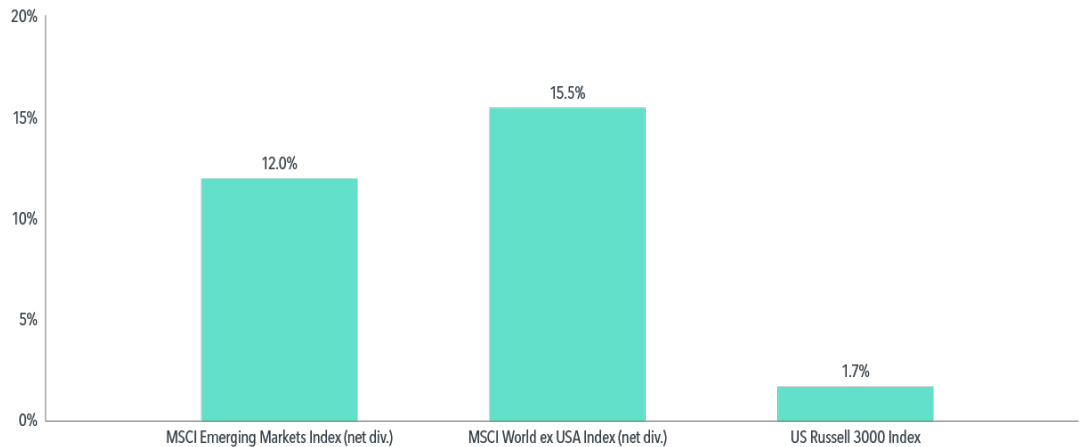
KEY TAKEAWAYS

- The S&P 500 recouped earlier losses and was slightly higher near the year's midway point.
- Market volatility returned in April, approaching levels not seen since 2020 and 2008.
- Value stocks outperformed growth stocks globally, but small caps lagged large caps.

Markets took investors on an up-and-down ride during a volatile first half of the year, with notable swings coming amid uncertainty about the impact of tariffs on the US and the global economy. In the US, while the S&P 500 hit new highs in February, it also posted sharp falls in April, before rebounding in May to end slightly higher as of June 20.¹ In a reversal of trends in recent years, developed international equity markets outpaced the US, as did emerging markets (see **Exhibit 1**). The US Federal Reserve held interest rates steady, citing risks of higher inflation and a rise in unemployment. In the bond market, US Treasuries were higher, with the benchmark 10-year yield just below 4.3%.²

Exhibit 1 World Class

Returns, international vs. US
stocks, January 1, 2025–
June 20, 2025



Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.

Sources: MSCI Emerging Markets Index (net div.), MSCI World ex USA Index (net div.), Russell 3000 Index. MSCI data © MSCI 2025, all rights reserved. In USD. Indices are not available for direct investment. Their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio.

The new US presidential administration took office in January, later threatening or imposing tariffs on goods from a number of countries. The S&P 500 then fell by a combined 10.5% on April 3 and 4, marking the biggest two-day drop since the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic in March 2020. But, just a week later, on April 9, the index rose by 9.5% when the administration announced a 90-day pause on tariffs. Stocks subsequently continued their upward trend amid policy shifts and delays implementing tariffs.³

The Fed kept the federal-funds rate unchanged in the 4.25%–4.5% range in May and June, but officials warned that uncertainty about the economic outlook remained elevated.⁴ On inflation, the US core consumer price index, which excludes more-volatile food and energy items, showed prices rose 2.8% from a year earlier in May, the most recent data available—higher than the Fed's target rate of 2%.⁵

Investors also turned their attention to gold, whose price has risen 25.2% this year as of May 31, the most recent data available.⁶ Some may believe gold can be a useful tool for protecting wealth from rising prices or a safe haven to stabilize a portfolio when stocks are volatile. But gold hasn't been effective at tracking inflation and has been far from immune to downturns. In fact, since 1970, gold has had a positive annual return in just 60% of calendar years, while the S&P 500 Index has had a positive return in 80%. For investors, this pattern raises questions about the long-term benefits of an allocation to gold.⁷

Approaching the year's halfway point, the S&P 500 Index was up 2.1% and the tech-heavy Nasdaq was ahead 1.0%. Both indices at one point in April had fallen 20% from their previous highs. Global equities, as measured by the MSCI All Country World Index, rose

6.2% as of June 20, even amid conflict in the Mideast that escalated in mid-June. Developed international stocks rose 15.5%, as measured by the MSCI World ex USA Index. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index gained 12.0%.⁸ The outperformance of international markets is further evidence of the benefits of global diversification. Holding equities from markets around the world—as opposed to those of a few countries or just one—positions investors to potentially capture higher returns wherever they may appear.

In the bond market, US Treasuries were 2.8% higher, sending the yield on the benchmark 10-year Treasury bond down to 4.28%.⁹ The broader bond market was also higher, with the Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index up 2.9% and the Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index (hedged to USD)—a broad benchmark of sovereign and corporate debt—climbing 2.3% as of June 20.¹⁰ This is a reminder that bonds issued in different countries can offer a range of yields and expected returns, potentially benefiting investors who diversify across bond markets globally.

VALUE TOPS GROWTH

Value stocks, or those with low relative prices, outperformed growth stocks in the US and globally through late June. The MSCI All Country World Value Index rose 7.9% versus the 4.5% increase for the MSCI All Country World Growth Index, and the MSCI All Country World ex USA Value Index added 17.0% versus the 12.0% gain for the MSCI All Country World ex USA Growth Index. But small cap stocks lagged large caps in the US and globally. The MSCI All Country World Small Cap Index returned 4.3% versus 6.2% for the larger-cap MSCI All Country World Index, while the MSCI All Country World ex USA Small Cap Index rose 13.2% versus the 14.5% gain for the MSCI All Country World ex USA Index.

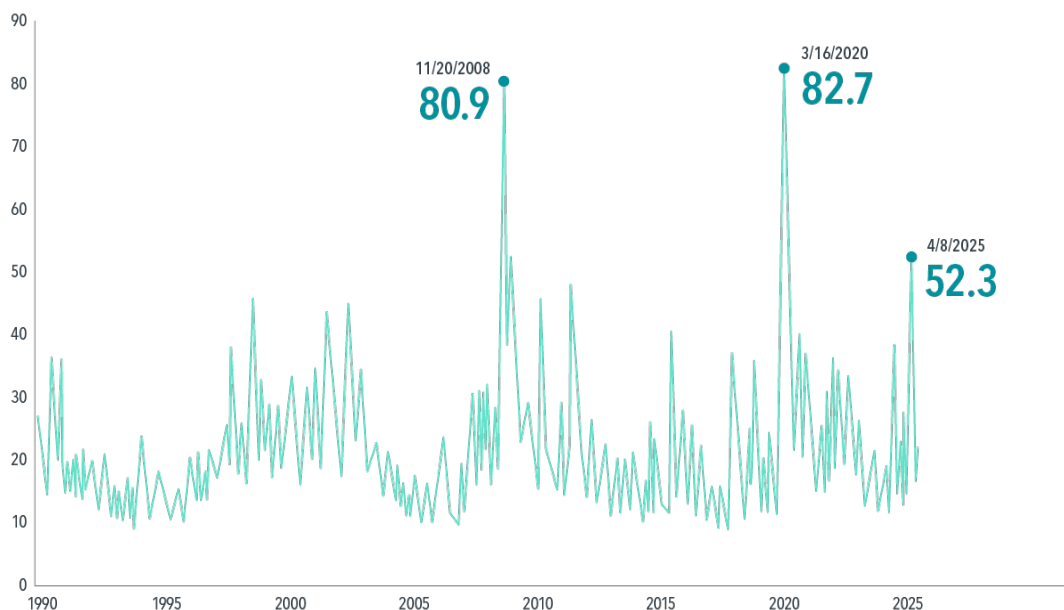
As with small cap stocks, the stocks of companies with high profitability underperformed the stocks of companies with low profitability in both developed markets and emerging markets. The Fama/French Developed High Profitability Index was 3.3% higher versus 8.8% for its low-profitability counterpart as of May 31, the most recent data available. The Fama/French Emerging Markets High Profitability Index rose 5.3%, while its low-profitability counterpart gained 7.0% as of May 31.¹¹

TURBULENT TIMES

With the return of significant volatility in the first half of 2025, the S&P 500 moved at least 2 full percentage points on eight separate days in April. Meanwhile, the VIX Index, a common measure of US stock market volatility, spiked to levels not seen in years, peaking at 52.3 on April 8.¹² The last two times the VIX closed above 50 were the early days of the global pandemic on March 16, 2020, when it closed at 82.7, and during the height of the global financial crisis on November 20, 2008, when it closed at 80.9 (see **Exhibit 2**).

Exhibit 2**Rocky Road**

Closing level for VIX Index,
January 1, 1990–June 20,
2025



Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.

VIX Index data provided by the Chicago Board Options Exchange. ©2025 CBOE Exchange, Inc. All rights reserved. Indices are not available for direct investment; therefore, their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio.

Market volatility may be unnerving, but it is also a sign of a working market. Whether responding to economic forecasts, consumer price changes, or tariff policy updates, market prices adapt to new information. It would be surprising if markets didn't have reactions that are reflective of impactful events. So while the news headlines may be concerning, market turbulence historically has subsided, giving investors good reason to resist making changes. Pain one may feel now reflects markets setting prices such that expected returns are always positive. So when the market experiences a sudden drop, remaining committed to a plan can help investors avoid day-to-day worries—and set them up for the long-term rewards that the market can offer.

-
1. S&P data © 2025 S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, a division of S&P Global. All rights reserved. Data as of June 20. Indices are not available for direct investment. Their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio.
 2. Returns are based on the Bloomberg US Treasury Bond Index as of June 20. Bloomberg data is provided by Bloomberg Finance LP.
Source for US Treasuries: US Department of the Treasury.
 3. Rob Wile, "Stocks Unleash Remarkable Comeback After a Historic Dive from Trump's Tariffs Announcement," CNBC, May 4, 2025.
 4. The federal-funds rate is the overnight interest rate at which one depository institution (like a bank) lends to another institution some of its funds that are held at the Federal Reserve. Source: "Federal Reserve Issues FOMC Statement," Federal Reserve, June 18, 2025.
 5. Inflation data is as defined by the consumer price index (CPI) from the US Bureau of Labor Statistics; the core CPI is an aggregate of prices paid by urban consumers for a typical basket of goods, excluding food and energy; Lucia Mutikani, "US Consumer Prices Rise Moderately; Tariffs Seen Fanning Inflation," Reuters, June 11, 2025.
 6. Bloomberg returns in USD from composite gold prices. Bloomberg data provided by Bloomberg.
 7. In USD. S&P data © 2025 S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, a division of S&P Global. All rights reserved. Gold source: Bloomberg returns from composite prices. Indices are not available for direct investment; therefore, their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio.
 8. MSCI data © MSCI 2025, all rights reserved. Data as of June 20. Indices are not available for direct investment. Their performance does not reflect the expenses associated with the management of an actual portfolio.
 9. "Daily Treasury Par Yield Curve Rates," US Department of the Treasury. Data as of June 20.
 10. Bloomberg data provided by Bloomberg Finance LP.
 11. **Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Actual returns may be lower.** The Fama/French Indices represent academic concepts that may be used in portfolio construction and are not available for direct investment or for use as a benchmark. Index returns are not representative of actual portfolios and do not reflect costs and fees associated with an actual investment. See "Index Descriptions" for descriptions of the Fama/French index data.
 12. Source: [Cboe Volatility Index \(VIX\)](#).

INDEX DESCRIPTIONS

Fama/French Developed High Profitability Index: July 1990–Present: Fama/French Developed High Profitability Index. Courtesy of Fama/French from Bloomberg securities data. Includes stocks in the upper 30% operating profitability range in each region; companies weighted by float-adjusted market cap; rebalanced annually in June. OP for June of year t is annual revenues minus cost of goods sold; interest expense; and selling, general, and administrative expenses; divided by book equity for the last fiscal year end in $t - 1$. Fama/French and multifactor data provided by Fama/French.

Fama/French Developed Low Profitability Index: July 1990–Present: Fama/French Developed Low Profitability Index. Courtesy of Fama/French from Bloomberg securities data. Includes stocks in the lower 30% operating profitability range in each region; companies weighted by float-adjusted market cap; rebalanced annually in June. OP for June of year t is annual revenues minus cost of goods sold; interest expense; and selling, general, and administrative expenses; divided by book equity for the last fiscal year end in $t - 1$. Fama/French and multifactor data provided by Fama/French.

Fama/French Emerging Markets High Profitability Index: July 1991–Present: Fama/French Emerging Markets High Profitability Index. Courtesy of Fama/French from Bloomberg and IFC securities data. Includes stocks in the upper 30% operating profitability range in each country; companies weighted by float-adjusted market cap; rebalanced annually in June. OP for June of year t is annual revenues minus cost of goods sold; interest expense; and selling, general, and administrative expenses; divided by book equity for the last fiscal year end in $t - 1$. Fama/French and multifactor data provided by Fama/French.

Fama/French Emerging Markets Low Profitability Index: July 1991–Present: Fama/French Emerging Markets Low Profitability Index. Courtesy of Fama/French from Bloomberg and IFC securities data. Includes stocks in the lower 30% operating profitability range in each country; companies weighted by float-adjusted market cap; rebalanced annually in June. OP for June of year t is annual revenues minus cost of goods sold; interest expense; and selling, general, and administrative expenses; divided by book equity for the last fiscal year end in $t - 1$. Fama/French and multifactor data provided by Fama/French.

Results shown during periods prior to each index's inception date do not represent actual returns of the respective index. Other periods selected may have different results, including losses. Backtested index performance is hypothetical and is provided for informational purposes only to indicate historical performance had the index been calculated over the relevant time periods. Backtested performance results assume the reinvestment of dividends and capital gains. Profitability is measured as operating income before depreciation and amortization minus interest expense scaled by book. Eugene Fama and Ken French are members of the Board of Directors of the general partner of, and provide consulting services to, Dimensional Fund Advisors LP.

The information in this material is intended for the recipient's background information and use only. It is provided in good faith and without any warranty or representation as to accuracy or completeness. Information and opinions presented in this material have been obtained or derived from sources believed by Dimensional to be reliable, and Dimensional has reasonable grounds to believe that all factual information herein is true as at the date of this material. It does not constitute investment advice, a recommendation, or an offer of any services or products for sale and is not intended to provide a sufficient basis on which to make an investment decision. Before acting on any information in this document, you should consider whether it is appropriate for your particular circumstances and, if appropriate, seek professional advice. It is the responsibility of any persons wishing to make a purchase to inform themselves of and observe all applicable laws and regulations. Unauthorized reproduction or transmission of this material is strictly prohibited. Dimensional accepts no responsibility for loss arising from the use of the information contained herein.

This material is not directed at any person in any jurisdiction where the availability of this material is prohibited or would subject Dimensional or its products or services to any registration, licensing, or other such legal requirements within the jurisdiction.

"Dimensional" refers to the Dimensional separate but affiliated entities generally, rather than to one particular entity. These entities are Dimensional Fund Advisors LP, Dimensional Fund Advisors Ltd., Dimensional Ireland Limited, DFA Australia Limited, Dimensional Fund Advisors Canada ULC, Dimensional Fund Advisors Pte. Ltd., Dimensional Japan Ltd., and Dimensional Hong Kong Limited. Dimensional Hong Kong Limited is licensed by the Securities and Futures Commission to conduct Type 1 (dealing in securities) regulated activities only and does not provide asset management services.

RISKS

Investments involve risks. The investment return and principal value of an investment may fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original value. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results. There is no guarantee strategies will be successful.

UNITED STATES

Dimensional Fund Advisors LP is an investment advisor registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Investment products: • Not FDIC Insured • Not Bank Guaranteed • May Lose Value
Dimensional Fund Advisors does not have any bank affiliates.

AUSTRALIA

This material is issued by DFA Australia Limited (AFS License No. 238093, ABN 46 065 937 671). This material is provided for information only. No account has been taken of the objectives, financial situation or needs of any particular person. Accordingly, to the extent this material constitutes general financial product advice, investors should, before acting on the advice, consider the appropriateness of the advice, having regard to the investor's objectives, financial situation and needs. Investors should also consider the Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) and the target market determination (TMD) that have been made for each financial product either issued or distributed by

DFA Australia Limited prior to acquiring or continuing to hold any investment. Go to dimensional.com/funds to access a copy of the PDS or the relevant TMD. Any opinions expressed in this material reflect our judgement at the date of publication and are subject to change.

NEW ZEALAND

This material is issued by DFA Australia Limited (incorporated in Australia, AFS License No. 238093, ABN 46 065 937 671). This material is provided for information only. This material does not give any recommendation or opinion to acquire any financial product or any financial advice product, and is not financial advice to you or any other person. No account has been taken of the objectives, financial situation or needs of any particular person. Accordingly, investors should, before acting on the advice, consider the appropriateness of the advice, having regard to the investor's objectives, financial situation and needs. Investors should also consider the Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) and for the Dimensional Wholesale Trusts the target market determination (TMD) that have been made for each financial product or financial advice product either issued or distributed by DFA Australia Limited prior to acquiring or continuing to hold any investment. Go to dimensional.com/funds to access a copy of the PDS or the relevant TMD. Any opinions expressed in this material reflect our judgement at the date of publication and are subject to change.

dimensional.com